1. Anthony Hampton Harrison, born in 1775, murdered in July 1776.
192--ii. John Hampton Harrison, born 22 January 1777, died 22 May 1837.
195--v. James Harrison, Jr., born 29 April 1782, died in September 1865.
vi. Clarissa Harrison, born 8 June, 1784, burned to death in 1790.
196--vii. Richard Harrison, M.D., born 2 April 1786, died 3 August 1829.
197--viii. Isham Harrison, born 4 November 1788, died 1860.
198--ix. Thomas Harrison, born 25 December, 1790, died in July 1839.
199--x. Elizabeth Harrison, born 19 October 1792, died in 1835.
200--xi. Mary Vivian Harrison, born 31 July, 1794, died 20 Sept. 1820.
xii. Benjamin Harrison, born 3 March 1796, died 10 October 1810.
xiii. Henry Harrison, born 8 January 1798, died 1 January 1808.
THE HARRISONS
of
Greenville County, South Carolina.

JOHN HAMPTON HARRISON, the eldest son of James and Elizabeth Hampton Harrison, inherited the old home place near Greenville, S.C., which is still in the possession of his descendants. I am told the original house built by James Harrison, Sr. about the time of the Revolution is yet standing, but so far I have failed to get any reply to my letters of inquiry to the members of this branch of the family, except from the descendants of Mrs. Elizabeth Harrison Earle, and they can give but little data of the family outside of their own branch.

John Hampton Harrison is said to have been a graduate of Yale, and to have been one of the most eloquent orators of his day in South Carolina. He was a member of the state legislature in 1820 and is said to have been a candidate for Congress at one time.

About 1799 or 1800 he was married to Jemima Jenkins, daughter of Thomas and Jemima Williams Jenkins, and is said to have had issue ten children, but I have been given the names of but six of them as follows:

201. i. John Hampton Harrison, Jr., born in 1801.
202.-ii. Elizabeth Hampton Harrison, born 14 Jan. 1803, died 27 Dec. 1865
203.-iii. Harriet Harrison, born
204.-iv. Clarissa Harrison, "
205.-v. Augusta Harrison, "
207.-vii.
208.-viii.
209.-ix.
210.-x.

201. JOHN HAMPTON HARRISON, JR. was a planter and lived at the old home near Greenville. He married Maria Benson, daughter of Willis Benson and had issue:

i. Frank Harrison,
ii. Ida Harrison,
iii. George Harrison,
iv. John Harrison,
v. Joseph Harrison.

203. HARRIET HARRISON married Samuel Girard McGlannaham and lived at Westminster, S.C. She was dead in 1910.
204. CLARRISSA HARRISON married Samuel Thompson and was dead in 1910.
205. AUGUSTA HARRISON married a Mr. Sims and moved to New Boston, Texas where she was living in 1910.

202. ELIZABETH HAMPTON HARRISON was married on the 9th. January, 1823 to Samuel Girard Earle, born 1 May, 1789, died in January 1858, son of Col. Elias Earle of "Centerville", South Carolina, member of Congress, etc. See Earle Excursus.

Samuel Girard Earle owned several thousand acres of land at "Evergreen" and more than a hundred slaves. He also owned and operated a large flour mill, saw mill, general store, and printing establishment, where he printed a weekly newspaper—political, religious and agricultural in its makeup. He is said to have finished his education at Heidelberg, Germany, and to have been a friend and follower of Alexander Campbell. He is said to have reprinted the entire Bible with annotations and suggested translations. He is said to have held various public positions among others that of a Commissioner appointed by Congress to make navigable two hundred miles of the Savannah River.
Samuel and Elizabeth Harrison Earle had issue:

211--i. Elias John Earle, born 5 Nov. 1823, died 22 Feb'y 1897.
   iii. James Washington Earle, M.D., born 10 July, 1827, died 1 Feb'y 1901, unmarried. He was educated at Bethany College, Va. and South Carolina Medical College. He was a prominent physician in Anderson County, S.C. and during the war a gallant officer in the Confederate army.

   v. Samuel Girard Earle, Jr., born 9 June, 1832, killed 5 March 1863.
   vii. Francis Wilton Earle, born 11 Nov. 1837, died in 1887.
   viii. Alexander Campbell Earle, born 20 Feb'y 1840.

Of the last four sons of Samuel and Elizabeth Earle I have only the following data. Samuel Girard Earle, Jr., at the beginning of the war entered the Confederate army as colonel of a South Carolina regiment and was killed in battle March 5th, 1863. He was married in 1853 to Catharine P. Hobbs. Claudius Eugene Earle was not married and died of fever soon after enlisting in the Confederate army. Francis Wilton Earle was married three times and had issue by each wife, 1st. to Henrietta Hubbard who died 27 Dec. 1865 leaving two children who died in childhood; 2nd to Ellen Sarah Taylor who had issue--Elizabeth H., Robert, Samuel, Rufus D., and James H. Earle all of whom lived and married; 3rd. to Mrs. Mattie Barnes by whom there was one son, Searcy Earle. Francis W. Earle was killed in 1887 by a tree falling on him. Alexander Campbell Earle (called "Sandy") was married on 24th. December 1862 to Henrietta M. Brockman, and was still living in 1916.

211. ELIAS JOHN EARLE, was a graduate of Bethany College as was his father, and married Amanda Pauline Hammond and settled at the old home place, "Evergreen". Issue:
   ii. Samuel Hammond Earle, born 1 Dec., 1852, died 6 Feb'y, 1898, Unm.
   iii. Francis Girard Earle, born 25 Nov. 1854, died 28 Nov. 1898, Unm.
   vi. James Washington Earle, born 7 Sept. 1861, killed 2 Nov. 1892
   viii. Wilton Robinson Earle, born 7 June, 1867, died in Aspen, Colo. He was a Baptist minister and was married 21 March 1901 to Maud Gary Netherlands.
   x. Mary Amanda Earle, born in 1871 married John Hanks.

212. JULIUS RICHARD EARLE, D.D., was educated at Bethany College, after which he entered the ministry of the Baptist church in 1869 and was active in the work of that church to the time of his death.

Before the war Mr. Earle lived for nine years in Franklin County, Georgia, during which time he was elected a member of the Georgia Legislature, and a major of the county militia. At the beginning of the war he entered the Confederate army and served gallantly until the surrender. At the close of the war he settled in his native county, Anderson, S.C. which he represented in the South Carolina legislature in 1890-92.
On the 18th. February, 1852 Dr. Julius R. Earle was married to Lucy Anne Margaret Brockman (born 6 March 1834, died 28 June, 1907), daughter of Col. Thomas P. Brockman of Greenville, S.C., and had issue:


ii. Samuel Girard Earle, born 29 March, 1854, died in 1903 at Kaufman, Texas. Married (1) Ella Colson of Ky. on 30 Jan. 1879; (2) Kate Kelly of Texas.


viii. Julius Richard Earle, Jr., born 4 Nov. 1863, is a lawyer and lives at Walhalla, S.C. From 1904 to 1912 Mr. Earle was a member of the S.C. Legislature; and is the compiler and publisher of a S.C. Form Book for the use of lawyers. He married (1) Lula Hixon, 9 Nov. 1886. She died in 1891 leaving one child. (2) Eva Merritt, 26 Oct. 1892 and has three children.


x. Decima Irene Earle, born 24 Jan., 1868, died 29 July, 1892. Married Charles W. Britt, 8 June, 1892.

xi. James Henry Earle, born 5 Nov., 1870, married 27 Nov., 1900, Carolin Hagood Pringle, and lives at Tampa, Fla.

xii. Eloise Mitylene Earle, born 17 Nov. 1875. Married 16 Dec., 1896 Charles Lewis Dean, and lives at 823 West Peachtree St., Atlanta. Has issue: Charles Earle Dean, Jr. born 23 May, 1898, now a student at Yale; Louise Earle Dean, born 14 Feb. 1900, now a student at Vassar.


It is to Hon. Julius R. Earle and his sister Mrs. Charles Lewis Dean that I am indebted for the data given of the John Hampton Harrison branch of the family, and for much of the Earle data given elsewhere in this work.
The Earle family is one of the most prominent of the early families of South Carolina, and was connected with the Hampton family by eleven intermarriages---ten of them with the Harrison branch of the Hampton family. The first in point of time being the marriage of Sarah, daughter of Judge Baylis Earle to Capt. Edward Hampton, son of Anthony Hampton the first of this family in South Carolina.

Earle-Hampton-Harrison Marriages.
Sarah Earle to Edward Hampton, circa 1775-76.
Samuel Earle to Harriet Harrison, 12 March,1793.
Sarah Earle to James Harrison, 29 May,1806.
Hannah Earle to Thomas Harrison, October,1810.
Samuel G. Earle to Elizabeth H. Harrison, 9 Jan.,1823.
Dr. Baylis W. Earle to Anne Eliza Harrison 18 Aug.,1829.
Dr. Samuel G. Earle to Harriet Wright circa 1825-30
Elias Earle to Harriet Harrison Earle circa 1828-30
Dr. Michael B. Earle to Harriet Maxwell circa 1850-55
Elias P. Earle to Nettie Harrison in 1875.
Hannah Earle to George Harrison about 1875-80.

In 1649 John Earle with his wife Mary (said to have been Mary Symonds--family tradition), and their children Mary and Samuel Earle came to St. Mary's, Maryland---old Maryland records. Tradition says they came from Wells, Somersetshire, England.

In 1652 John Earle and his family were living in Northumberland County, Virginia when he was granted 1600 acres of land situated in the adjoining county of Westmoreland, for the transportation of 32 persons into the colony the list of these persons including the names of himself, wife and two children as given above.---Va. Land Records.

Samuel Earle, born in England prior to 1649, died in Westmoreland County, Va. in 1697 intestate. He is said to have married Bridget Hale (probably Heale, a well known Northumberland family) and had at least one son, Samuel Earle,Jr.

Samuel Earle, Jr. lived and died in Westmoreland on the land granted to his grandfather, John Earle in 1652. His will dated 6 Augt. 1744 was probated 29 July,1746, and names his children as follows: Phyllis Mockridge, Hannah Bayley (she was wife of John Baylis of Pr. Wm. County), Elizabeth Hackney, and only son, Samuel Earle, III. He also mentions the latter's sons Samuel Earle, IV. and John Earle. Samuel Earle II, is said to have married Phyllis Benet, who probably died prior to the making of the above will.

Samuel Earle, III, born in Westmoreland County in 1692 died at his home Earle's Ferry, Frederick County, Va. in 1771--will in Frederick County records. Earle's Ferry is now in Warren County, Va. Landrum's History of Spartanburg County, S.C. (page 267) says that Samuel Earle III, was educated at William & Mary College, and was a lawyer and planter on a large scale. About 1740 he moved to Frederick County, which he represented in the Virginia Assembly in the years 1742, 1744, 1745 & 1747--Stanard's Colonial Register of Virginia. Landrum also says that in 1749-'52 he was a justice of the Frederick County Court; in 1748 Inspector of tobacco; 1751 High Sheriff and Churchwarden and major in the county militia.

In 1726 Samuel Earle, III. was married to Anna Sorrell, daughter of Thomas and Elizabeth Sorrel, and granddaughter of John Sorrel. She was mentioned in 1713 in the will of John Wright and of her father in 1726--Abstracts of Westmoreland County Records, Crozier.
Mrs. Anna Sorrel Earle died after the birth of five children, and on the 15th January 1754 she married secondly Elizabeth Holdbrook, daughter of Randall and Jeannette Holdbrook of Stafford County—Overwharton Parish Register. This register also gives the birth of the first two children by the second marriage.

Samuel Earle, III, had issue as follows: Samuel Earle, born in 1727; Rachel Earle, born 1729; Hannah Earle, born 1731; Baylis Earle, born 8 August, 1734, died 6 January 1825; John Earle, born 5 June, 1737; Theodosia Scott Earle, born 14 November 1754; Elizabeth Earle, born 6 Sept., 1756; Lettice Earleborn; Elias Earle, born 19 June 1762, died 19 May, 1823; Esias Earle; and Esias Earle, who remained in Frederick County at the old homestead. John Baylis and Elias Earle all removed to South Carolina in the last quarter of the 18th century.

The Earles of Earle's Fort, S.C.

John Earle, 3rd, son of Samuel and Anna Sorrel Earle was married in 1763 in Frederick County to Thomasine Prince, daughter of John Prince and removed soon afterward with her parents to Spartanburg County, S.C., where he settled a place known as "Earlesville", and his father-in-law, John Prince at "Prince's Fort", an important outpost in the Indian forays and later in the Revolution. In 1773 John Earle, sold Earlesville to his brother Baylis Earle and moved to the east side of the North Pacolet River beyond the colony line where he built Earle's Fort, a stockade on a hill overlooking the beautiful Pacolet valley.

Landrum in his history of Spartanburg County (page 268) says that "John Earle was a staunch patriot during the Revolution and served as captain of militia a portion of the time, repelling Tory and Indian invasions of his section, and sometime during the revolution obtained the title of colonel." Like his father John Earle was married twice, his second wife being Mrs. Rebecca Berry Wood, being the widow of John Wood who was murdered by "Bloody Bill Cunningham" in November 1781. The Berrys being also originally from Frederick County, Va. John Earle had issue by each marriage, among the children of the first marriage, being: John Baylis Earle, born 23 October, 1766, died 3rd, February 1836. He lived at a place known as "Silver Glad", in Pendleton Dist. now in Anderson County, S.C.. From 1803 to 1806 he was a member of Congress, and for sixteen years between 1805 and 1821 Inspector General of the South Carolina Militia; and was a member of the famous "Nullification Convention of S.C. General Earle married Sarah Taylor, daughter of Maj. Samuel and Eleanor Cameron Taylor and had issue among others: Harriet Earle who married Thomas Harrison; Dr. Baylis Wood Earle who married Eliza Harrison and Dr. Samuel Sidney Earle who married Harriet Wright.

The Earles of Earlesville, S.C.

Baylis Earle, son of Samuel Earle, III, and his first wife Anna Sorrel, was a lieutenant in the Frederick County Militia and appears in a list of the militia for August 1757. On the 10th of April in 1757 he was married in Frederick County to Mary Prince, daughter of John Prince the old Bible record of the marriage stating that she was "aged thirteen years nearly". She was born in December 1744.

In 1773 Lt. Earle followed his brother John and father-in-law John Prince to South Carolina, where he purchased the former's settlement at Earlesville, on the south side of the Pacolet, and which is still owned by his descendants.

Landrum says: "Baylis Earle was a staunch whig during the Revolution, though he was too far advanced in years to take the field as a
soldier. In a MSS letter to a friend under date of 11 September, 1814
he states that on the Sunday next before Colonel Ferguson's defeat
at King's Mountain a large party of British and Tories came to his
dwelling and plundered at their pleasure, killed a steer, and de-
stroyed a large quantity of oats, say four or five hundred dozen." It
was near his homestead that the battle of Earle's Ford took place."

On the 13th. February 1791 Baylis Earle was commissioned by Governor
Pinckney of South Carolina a judge of the county Court to continue
"during good behavior" which in his case was for the rest of his life.
In 1900 this old Commission was hanging on the wall of the Kennedy
Laboratory at Spartanburg, S.C.--Landrum. Judge Earle was also one of
the founders of the Wolf's Creek Baptist Church at Landrum, S.C., organ-
ized in 1803, and its first clerk--the old church book with its records
neatly and legibly written is still preserved.

Judge Baylis and Mary Prince Earle have issue fourteen children:
Sarah, born 1 January, 1759, married first Capt. Edward Hampton who
was killed in 1781 leaving two little girls, secondly Charles Middleton
by whom she had several children; Samuel Earle, born 28 November, 1760
married Harriet Harrison; Anna; John; John (second of the name); Baylis;
Damaris; Rhoda; Miriam; Thomas Prince; Edward Hampton; Theron Earle,
born 13 March, 1783; Aspasia; and Providence Earle.

Theron Earle inherited his father's homeplace, and was a man of
"more than ordinary intelligence, honest, upright and progressive as
a farmer. Member of the legislature of South Carolina in 1832-'36;
adjutant of the 36th. Regiment of S.C. Militia. He married Harriet
daughter of Michael Miller and had issue among others: Dr. Michael
Baylis Earle who married Harriet Maxwell (a granddaughter of Harriet
a granddaughter of Harriet Harrison; and Hon. Oliver Perry Earle, member
of the state legislature, etc. whose daughter Hannah Earle married
George Harrison.

The Earles of The Poplars.

Elias Earle, son of Samuel Earle, III, and his second wife Elizabeth
Holdbrooke, born 19 June, 1762 in Frederick County Va., died in S.C.
19 May, 1823. On the 17th. September 1782 he was married in King George
County, Virginia at the home of Capt. George E. Crigsby to the latter's
cousin, Frances Wilton Robinson, born 26 March, 1762, died 12 Sept.,
1823. In 1787 Elias Earle with his family followed his halfbrothers
to South Carolina and settled a plantation known as "The Poplars" at the
Three Forks of the Saluda River in Greenville County. He was colonel
of the Greenville County Militia and between 1805 and 1821 was elected
three times to the U.S. Congress. Among Other children Colonel Earle
had three who married into the Harrison family, and one grandchild who
did likewise. They were: Samuel Girard Earle, born May 1, 1789, died
in 1856, married Elizabeth Hampton Harrison; Sarah Earle, born 2 Aug.
1791, married James Harrison; Elias Earle, born 13 Oct. 1800, married
Harriet Earle, daughter of Harriet Harrison Earle, and their son Elias
Freston Earle married Nettie Harrison in 1875.

Extended accounts of those members of the Earle family who inter-
marrried with members of the Harrison family, and their descendants will
be found in the proper places for these branches of the Hampton family.
THE EARLES

of

"Beaver Dam", Oconee County, South Carolina.

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Descendants of

HARRIET HARRISON.

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193. HARRIET HARRISON, born 23 December 1778, died 25 August 1828, eldest daughter of James and Elizabeth Hampton Harrison, was married at her father's home near Greenville, S.C. on the 12th. of March 1793 to Capt. Samuel Earle, born in Frederick County, Virginia 28 November 1760, died in Pendleton District, S.C. 28 November 1833. He was a son of Judge Baylis Earle and his wife Mary Prince, and removed to South Carolina with his parents in 1773.

On May 20th, 1777, when not quite seventeen years old he received through the interest of Major Andrew Pickens, a commission as Ensign in the 5th, South Carolina Regiment of the Continental Line, and entered the service on June 11th. --History of Spartanburg County, page 272; and Heitman's List of Officers &c.

After the battle of Stono, June 20th. 1779, he was promoted two grades to First Lieutenant for bravery and daring in that battle; and was paroled by General Lincoln on the terms of the capitulation of Charleston June 11, 1780.

About October 1780 he again took up arms acting independantly, but under the authority of his Continental Commission, acting as a volunteer officer with different corps. He was with General Sumter at Blackstocks November 20, 1780, but declined a captaincy with him in 1781; was with Colonel Roebuck at Bush River; with General Greene after Morgan's victory at the Cowpens, and Corwallis' famous retreat into Virginia; and in 1781 was in the siege of "Ninety Six" with Lee's Legion and Hammond's Cavalry.

He was acting on the staff of General Pickens when in 1782 he was detached to raise a troop of cavalry--The South Carolina Rangers, which was probably the last in arms in Upper South Carolina at the close of the War.

"After the Revolution, as Deputy Provost Marshall, Captain Earle, served the first writ ever made returnable in old Cambridge of Ninety Six, and in 1784-'85 was a member of the South Carolina Legislature--Richard H. Earle. He was a member of the first South Carolina Constitutional Convention and in 1787 of the Convention that ratified the United States Constitution for South Carolina. In 1795 Captain Samuel Earle was elected a member of the 4th U.S. Congress to succeed his old friend General Andrew Pickens. He was a Federalist and strong supporter of General Washington's administration.

In 1809 Captain Earle removed to Pendleton District, and soon afterward was elected High Sheriff for four years. His last public service being that of a Commissioner to settle the boundary line between South Carolina and Georgia.
Capt. Samuel and Harriet Harrison Earle had issue:

ii. Andrew Pickens Earle.
v. Elizabeth Hampton Earle, married John Maxwell.
vii. Mary Prince Earle, married Robert Maxwell and had a daughter Harriet Maxwell who married Dr. Michael Baylis Earle.

viii. Damaris Miriam Earle married a Mr. Mayes.
ix. Sarah Maria Earle married a Mr. Lewis.

214--x. Harriet Earle, born 28 March 1811, died 20 May 1850
xi. Elias Theron Earle,

xii. Samuel Maxey Earle was still living in 1899 at Marietta, Georgia. He married Eliza Harrison, daughter of Richard Harrison (brother of James) and his wife Anne Patillo. They had issue among others Samuel Earle, Jr. and Richard Harrison Earle through whose efforts most of the Earle data given here and elsewhere by other writers was collected from family records, tombstones, etc. It regretful much that owing to his death I have not been able to correspond with him in regard to the Earles and Harrisons and to thank him for the very great assistance his notes have been to me in the compilation of this work.


213--BAYLIS JOHN EARLE was graduated with first honors from the South Carolina College in 1812. He studied law and became one of the best known attorneys at the South Carolina bar. In 1820 he was elected to the State Legislature, and in 1822 Solicitor for the Western Judicial District, in which office he distinguished himself as a prosecuting officer. In 1835 he was elected a Circuit Judge by the legislature, and became quite prominent as a jurist in his native state. Col.S.S. Crittenden says that "no name in the judicial history of the state is more honored than his." No data of his descendants has been furnished me.

214; HARRIET EARLE married her cousin Elias Earle (born 13 October 1800) son of Col. Elias Earle of "Centerville". They had issue:

i. Frances Harrison Earle, unmarried in 1899.
ii. Mary Earle married Joberry Sloan and had issue:

  Hattie Earle.
  Mayes Earle married Hon. Wm. H. Lyles of Columbia, S.C.

iv. Miriam M. Earle, died 1886, married Thomas B. Lee and had several children.

v. Florence Earle married Dr. James Thornwell a Presbyterian minister and has issue.
vi. Elias Preston Earle, who inherited "Beaver Dam", the old home of his grandfather Capt. Samuel Earle in Oconee County, S.C. which is now owned by his son Elias Preston, Jr. He was a member of the South Carolina legislature for a number of years and a very wealthy man. He married his cousin Antoinette Harrison daughter of Col. Francis Harrison of Andersonville, and had issue:

i. Elias Preston Earle, Jr. born 3 September 1876.
iii. Elizabeth Harrison, born 10 January 1882, died 2 July 1888.
vi. Mary Sloan Earle, born 27 April 1890.

I regret that I have not succeeded in obtaining data of other descendants of Captain Samuel and Harriet Harrison Earle.
THE HARRISONS
of
"Rustic Hall" and 'Andersonville,'

Anderson County, S.C.

195. JAMES HARRISON second son of James and Elizabeth Hampton Harrison was a wealthy planter, merchant, and manufacturer. Born 1794, died 8 Dec. 1844, May 29th, 1806 he was married to Sarah Earle, daughter of Hon. Elias Earle of "The Poplars", Greenville District, S.C. See Earle Excursus.

Soon after his marriage Mr. Harrison settled in Andersonville, a little village on the point of land between the Tugaloo and Seneca Rivers, where they join to form the Savannah. Though but a small hamlet, Andersonville early enjoyed the distinction of being a municipal corporation and has since become a city. When he went there Mr. Harrison owned a large part of the land on which the village was built and the adjoining plantation of same name consisting of between three and four thousand acres of land. He soon acquired all the remaining lots in the town and became its sole owner. He also owned a plantation of about three thousand acres of land near "Beaver Dam" one of the Earle homes, and some four thousand acres of land in Florida known as "Rustic Hall."

Andersonville owed its importance to the fact that it was situated at the head of navigation of "pole boats" to Augusta, Georgia, the market town for all of upper South Carolina. Here Mr. Harrison erected large wheat and corn mills, cotton ginnery, and tan yard— all operated by water power; he also built shoe and harness shops, blacksmith and wagon shops, and a general merchandise store. He shipped his cotton, hides and flour to Augusta on his own boats, which brought back merchandise for his store. He accumulated a very handsome fortune until the railroad came in the fifties and put Andersonville with its primitive enterprises and transportation out of business. The Andersonville plantation was mostly upland suitable for grazing, but the Beaver Dam place was a fine body of agricultural land. The Rustic Hall plantation in Madison County, Florida was devoted to the cultivation of cotton and sugar cane. He also owned several hundred slaves on his various properties.

About 1850 Mr. Harrison turned his South Carolina property over to his sons and removed to Rustic Hall, where he died in September 1865.

His brother Isham Harrison of Deerbrook, Mississippi occasionally visited him at Rustic Hall. When together they were like two boys, full of fun, reminiscences of their boyhood days, and family anecdotes. In their circle of friends and acquaintances they acquired the soubriquet of Dickens' famous characters the "Cheeryble Brothers", and their company much sought after. "They were two delightful old gentlemen, affectionate, full of humor, of great simplicity, modest as a woman, and both men of the highest character."
James and Sarah Earle Harrison had issue:

226--i. Elizabeth Hampton Harrison, born 27 August 1810, died in February, 1886.

ii. William Henry Harrison, born 10 August, 1813, died 14 November, 1841, unmarried. He was a lawyer and had a very promising future.

iii. Elias Earle Harrison, M.D., born 19 February 1816, died 17 October, 1843, unmarried.


v. Frances Harrison, born 21 March 1821, died 12 March 1822.

vi. Samuel Earle Harrison, lawyer, born 13 May 1823, died 23 March, 1845, unmarried.

228--vii. Francis Eugene Harrison, born 13 April 1826, died 16 November, 1878.

THE WHITNERS.

226. ELIZABETH HAMPTON HARRISON was married in January 1830 to Hon. Joseph Newton Whitner (born 11 April 1799, died in 1864) a lawyer of Pendleton, South Carolina. He was a member of the State Legislature 1824 to 1836; member of the Secession Convention, 1860; and on the bench of the Circuit and Supreme Courts of South Carolina from 1850 to his death in 1864. They had issue:

229--i. Joseph Newton Whitner, born in November 1830, died in 1862.

230--ii. Sarah Frances Whitner, born in March 1832.

231--iii. James Harrison Whitner, born in November 1833, died May, 1887.


234--vi. Elizabath Tococoa Whitner, born in March 1836.


236--viii. Mary Tallulah Whitner, born in September 1841.

229. JOSEPH NEWTON WHITNER, Jr., was a planter, and during the war a captain of cavalry under Gen. Wade Hampton, until he was wounded and resigned from the service. In December 1855 he was married to Amelia Howard and had issue:

i. Charles Howard Whitner, married and left issue.

ii. Richard Howard Whitner, married and left issue.

iii. Joseph Newton Whitner, III., is one of the leading citizens of Sanford, Florida, member of the Florida Legislature, etc. Has four daughters.

iv. Amelia Whitner, married but died without issue.

230. SARAH FRANCES WHITNER married in 1853 Hon. Elbert M. Rucker of Ruckersville, Georgia. He is a planter, member of the Georgia Legislature, and after removing to South Carolina was elected a member of the South Carolina Legislature. They had issue:

i. Elizabeth Whitner Rucker married Davis S. Taylor of Andersonville, S.C. and has five children.
ii. Joseph Whitner Rucker, planter in Elbert County, Georgia.
   He is dead but left issue.

iii. James Harrison Rucker, is dead, but left issue.

iv. Elbert M. Rucker, Jr., is Professor of Law at the University of South Carolina; recently was a member of the State Legislature.


231—JAMES HARRISON WHITNER was a lawyer of considerable prominence. During the war he was a Major of the 4th, Regt. South Carolina Volunteers, C.S.A. He was wounded at the first battle of Manassas, and wounded and captured in the retreat from Petersburg in 1865. In 1867 he married Ellen W. Stovall of Augusta, Georgia and had issue:

i. James Harrison Whitner, Jr., married and lives in Atlanta.

ii. Joseph Newton Whitner, dead, left issue.

iii. Elizabeth Harrison Whitner, unmarried.

232. BENJAMIN F. WHITNER is still living at Rock Hill, S.C. He is a lawyer, now retired, and in 1893 was President of the South Carolina Bar Association. In 1860-61 he was a member of the South Carolina Legislature that called the Secession Convention, and later was a Major (Staff) of South Carolina Volunteers in the Confederate army.

December 21st, 1858 Major Whitner married Anna Church, daughter of Rev. Dr. Church, President of the Georgia University. They had issue:

i. Frank Church Whitner, educated as a lawyer, but now a farmer near Rock Hill, S.C. Unmarried. He was born 11 October, 1859.

ii. James Harrison Whitner, born 15 August, 1862. He is a Civil Engineer, and is now Contracting Manager of the Virginia Bridge and Iron Company of Roanoke. He married Annie Barwa of Atlanta and has issue.

237-iii. William Church Whitner, born 22 September, 1864.

238-iv. Elizabeth Hampton Whitner, born 5 August 1869.

237. WILLIAM CHURCH WHITNER is a Civil and Hydro-Electrical Engineer. In 1894-95 he was chief engineer and promoter of the company that built the first long distance hydro-electric power plant in the South, near Anderson, S.C. for driving several large cotton mills. Since then he has constructed several similar plants in Georgia, South Carolina and Virginia. He is president of the following companies: The Fredericksburg Power Company, The Chesapeake Bay Interurban R.R. Co., and the Virginia & Carolina Power Co., now developing power on the Roanoke River near Waldrop, N.C.

In June 1890 he was married to Katharine W. Rodney, daughter of Capt. W.L. Rodney, merchant, banker and manufacturer of Rock Hill, S.C. They have issue:


ii. Lyle Rodney Whitner, born 22 Oct. 1893, student Univ. of S.C.

iii. Anna Baskin Whitner, born Nov. 1, 1895, student at Hollins Inst.


v. Frank Church Whitner, born 6 June 1901, died in infancy.

vi. James Harrison Whitner, born 21 June 1903.

vii. Richard Church Whitner, born 16 August, 1905.
238. ELIZABETH HAMPTON WHITNER was married in December 1895 to William Latta Law, son of Major E.M.Law of Yorkville, S.C. He is a Civil Engineer, and they have issue:
   ii. Elizabeth McIves Law, born 20 February, 1899.
   iii. Margaret Latta Law, born 23 October 1900.
   iv. Frank Whitner Law, born 23 December 1901.
   v. Jane Latta Law, born 4 August 1903.

233. WILLIAM HENRY WHITNER was a lawyer and lived at Tallahassee, Florida, and in 1868-72 Prosecuting Attorney for Madison County. During the war he was a captain on the staffs of first Gen. M. Jenkins second Gen. Bushrod Johnson, C.S.A., and was wounded at the time Gen. Jenkins was killed.

   He married first Esther Sloan of Pendleton, S.C. and second Jane Randolph of Tallahassee, but left no issue of either marriage.

234. ELIZABETH TOCCOA WHITNER was married in December 1859 to Thomas J. Glover of Orangeburg, S.C. In 1860-'61 he was a member of the S.C. Legislature; and later colonel of the 1st. Regt. S.C. Vols. C.S.A. and was killed in 1862 at the second battle of Manassas. They had issue:
   i. Thomas Jameson Glover, Jr. died at St. Luke's Hospital, Richmond, Va. in 1895. Unmarried.

235. ELIAS EUGENE WHITNER, M.D. practiced his profession in Florida. During the war he was a lieutenant in the Confederate army. Married first Emma Williams of Belle Aire, Florida, and second Sterie Duval of Madison, Florida. He had issue:
   i. Elias Eugene Whitner, Jr. lives in Memphis.

236. MARY TALLULAH WHITNER lives at Warm Springs, Virginia. She married Col. John L. Hubank of Warm Springs, who was a lieutenant colonel in the Confederate Artillery service. He is now dead (1914) and left no issue.

227. JAMES WASHINGTON HARRISON, was a lawyer and planter and lived at Walhalla, S.C. From 1848 to 1864 he was a member of both houses of the South Carolina Legislature, and before the war was Brigadier General of the state militia.

   February 13th, 1840 he was married to Mary J. Benson of Pendleton, S.C. and had issue:
   i. Elizabeth Harrison, married Thomas Broyles, Greenville, Tenn.
   ii. Isham Harrison, married and lives at Walhalla, S.C.
   iii. Lucia Harrison married V.F. Martin of Walhalla.
   iv. John Benson Harrison, married Imogene Baughner.
   v. Ida Harrison married Dr. Burnham Darley, Walhalla, S.C.
vii. Frank Eugene Harrison married a Miss Connor. Lives at Walhalla.
ix. Josephine Harrison married and lives at Walhalla, S.C.

228. FRANCIS EUGENE HARRISON youngest son of James and Sarah Earle Harrison lived his entire life (1826-1878) at "Andersonville" the old plantation home of his father near the town of Andersonville, S.C.

"Besides owning a large acreage of grazing and cotton lands he was interested in manufacturing in a small way, as in addition to the usual country group of general store, grist and flour mill, woodshop, blacksmith shop, shoe and harness shop, tannery, sawmill, and wool carding plant, he completed the circle of industries under his direction by establishing a small cotton factory. He had just succeeded in getting his business in good form after the demoralization caused by the war, when death cut him off at the age of fifty two."

He entered the Confederate service as a captain in the First South Carolina Regiment (Orr's) and was severely wounded at Gaines' Mill near Richmond. In spite of his wound he re-entered the army and rose to the rank of colonel, serving till the end of the war.

Colonel Harrison was married three times as follows:
First on the 24th April 1850 to Anna E. Ross.  
Second Marriage on  
20 May 1860 to Mary Eunice Perrin, daughter of Col. Thomas Chiles Perrin, a prominent lawyer of Abbeville, who had the honor of being the first to affix his signature to the Ordinance of Secession of the State of South Carolina. His wife was Jane Wardlow.
Third Marriage on  
3 July 1876 to Elizabeth Perrin Cohran.

Issue:
First Marriage.
i. Elizabeth Whitner Harrison, born 2 January 1851, died infant.
237--ii. James Harrison, born 2 July 1852.
238--iii. Sarah Harrison, born 4 March 1854.

Second Marriage.
240--v. Francis E. Harrison, Jr., M.D., born 9 February 1862.
243--viii. Lewis Clarke Harrison, born 27 February 1868.
ix. William Henry Harrison, born 3 August 1870, merchant at Andersonville, unmarried.

Third Marriage.
244--x. Wade Cohran Harrison, born 22 November 1878.

237. JAMES HARRISON, planter, Andersonville, was married December 8th, 1881 to Martha Cunningham, daughter of Thomas Campbell Cunningham and his wife Elizabeth B. Gilbert, and has issue:
i. Elizabeth Gilbert Harrison, born 22 December 1891.

238. SARAH HARRISON was married August 19, 1879 to Joseph Gilbert Cunningham, a wealthy merchant at Andersonville, and had issue:
i. Francis Harrison Cunningham, born March 13, 1880.
iii. Anna Ross Cunningham, born 6 February, 1885.
iv. Thomas Harrison Cunningham, born December 22, 1888.

v. Jeanette Elizabeth Cunningham, born 3 January, 1895.

vi. Sarah Antoinette Cunningham, born 27 October 1897.

239. ANTIOINETTE HARRISON married Elias Earle, a wealthy planter of Oconee County, S.C., member of the state legislature, etc. They had issue:

i. Elias Preston Earle, Jr., born 3 September 1876.


iii. Elizabeth Earle, born 10 January 1882, died 2 July 1888.


v. Francis Harrison Earle, born 23 July 1887, died September 1888.

vi. Mary Sloan Earle, born 27 April 1890.

240. FRANCIS H. HARRISON, Jr., M.D., was graduated from the University of the City of New York, and practices his profession at Abbeville, S.C., where he also has large business interests, president of a bank, etc. Dr. Harrison has been married twice. First on April 27th, 1892 to Edna Twiston; and second to Olivia Ingram. Issue:

First marriage.

i. Francis E. Harrison, Jr., born September 26th, 1893.

Second marriage.

ii. Margaret Harrison.

iii. John Randolph Harrison.

iv. Jane Harrison.

241. THOMAS PERRIN HARRISON was graduated from the South Carolina Military Academy, taught there two years and then took his Ph.D. degree from Johns Hopkins University, after which he was Associate Professor of English at Clasen College, 1893-96; Professor of English at Davidson College, N.C., 1896-1909; in 1909 he accepted the chair of English at The North Carolina Agricultural & Mechanical College, and was made Dean of the College in 1910.

On January 0, 1894 Dr. Harrison was married to Adelia Lake Leftwich daughter of Rev. James Turner Leftwich, D.D. of Bedford, Virginia, whose last pastorate was the First Presbyterian Church, Baltimore.

Dr. and Mrs. Harrison have issue:

i. James Leftwich Harrison, born 10 September 1895.

ii. Thomas Perrin Harrison, Jr., born 9 May 1897.

iii. Florence Leftwich Harrison, born 4 September 1901.

iv. Lewis Wardlow Harrison, born 28 September 1903.

242. JANE WARDLOW HARRISON was married February 25, 1896 to Wade Rushton Cothran of Greenville, S.C., where he is president of a bank and of a wholesale grocery company, and owner of a great deal of real estate. They have issue:

i. Wade Rushton Cothran, Jr., born 28 November 1896.

ii. Francis Eugene Cothran, born 23 December 1896.

iii. Mary Perrin Cothran, born 17 February 1902.


v. William Henry Cothran.
243. Lewis Clarke Harrison was educated at the University of South Carolina, and at the time of his death in 1911 was president of a bank at Rock Hill, S.C., and member of the Southern Power Company at Charlotte, N.C. He married Mabelle Seay, daughter of Capt. J.J. Seay of Rome, Ga., and had issue:
   i. Mabel Seay Harrison.

244. Wade Cothern Harrison was graduated in 1899 from Davidson College, N.C. He lives in Greenwood County, S.C. where he has large farming interests. Was a member of the South Carolina Legislature, 1910-'12. In April 1913 he was married to Lucia Huey daughter of Dr. Huey of Greenwood.
196. RICHARD HARRISON, M.D., third son of James and Elizabeth Hampton Harrison, born April 2nd, 1786 died August 3rd, 1829, is said to have been a very successful physician. He was a surgeon in the United States Army in the War 1812 with the rank of Colonel. Was with General Jackson at New Orleans.

He married Catharine Sloan and is said to have left descendants who lived in Florida.
THE HARRISONS

of

Deerbrook, Mississippi.

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197. ISHAM HARRISON, son of James and Elizabeth Hampton Harrison, born near Greenville, South Carolina 4th November, 1788 died at his plantation, Deerbrook, Monroe County, Mississippi in 1860.

On the 20th January 1814 he enlisted for six months service in the War 1812, and served under his brotherinlaw, Capt. Moses Kelley in Colonel Nash's regiment of South Carolina troops.—U.S.Military Dept. Records.

Isham Harrison inherited from his father in 1815 a large estate of land and servants in South Carolina, but the following year he disposed of the land and removed his family and servants to Jefferson County, Alabama, where he bought a tract of land now within the corporate limits of the city of Birmingham. In 1823 he represented this county in the Alabama Legislature. In 1828 he removed to the Ruhanna community in the upper part of the county, where he built the first brick residence in Jefferson County. Like his grandfather Anthony Hampton was ever drawn by the newer and richer lands of the frontier, so in 1835 he removed his family again and settled near Aberdeen, Monroe county, Mississippi, where he acquired an extensive tract of the "black lands" of this county. Had he lived until after the war no doubt he would have gone with his sons to Texas. When he died Isham Harrison was spoken of as "one of the best known and most respected men in Mississippi" and was familiarly known as "Old Father Harrison."

February 11, 1810 he was married to Harriet Kelley, born July 15, 1789 in South Carolina, died July 1, 1856 in Mississippi, daughter of Gursham and Bridget Tatum Kelley, sister of U.S.Senator William Kelley and of Judge Moses Kelley of Alabama.

"She was a woman of commanding appearance and superior intellect and great force of character"—Saunders. Her father Gursham Kelley was conspicuous in South Carolina during the Revolutionary War by his attachment to the colonial cause. Once when Charleston fell into the hands of the enemy he barely escaped capture by the skillful strategy of his wife who drove a market cart from the city through the British lines with Mr. Kelley concealed safely under a load of produce.

Isham and Harriet Kelley Harrison had issue thirteen children of whom it has been said:

"Probably never in the history of the United States did a couple give birth to so large a family who collectively became so distinguished and contributed in such a large measure to the making of Southern history, as did the thirteen children of Isham and Harriet Harrison. All survived to adult age. Of the seven sons, three were Confederate Brigadier Generals and distinguished in other walks of life; one a Confederate Colonel killed at the head of his regiment; one a surgeon of high rank in the
Confederate service; one an orator and statesman of more than state wide
celebrity; and one a successful physician who died before the war. The
six daughters were all noted for their beauty, intellect and social pre-
eminence in their respective spheres of influence, and married men of pow-
and position in the South."

They were:

245--i. Anne Eliza Harrison, born 22 November 1810, died 22 June 1880.
246--ii. Laura Harrison, born 22 November 1812, died 25 February 1877.
247--iii. James Edward Harrison, born 24 April 1815, died 23 February 1875.
248--iv. Louisa Jane Harrison, born 2 January 1817, died in 1878.
250--vi. Richard Harrison, born 3 March 1821, died 1 November 1876.
251--vii. Isham Harrison (twin), born 3 March 1821, killed in battle, 1863.
252--viii. Thomas Harrison, born 1 May 1823, died in August 1863.
254--x. Harriet Kelley Harrison, born 2 May 1827, died in 1876.
255--xi. Moses Kelley Harrison, M.D., born 27 May 1829, died 30 April 1894.
256--xii. Elizabeth Hampton Harrison, born 3 August 1831, died in 1887.
257--xiii. Mary Vivian Harrison, born 18 January 1834, died in 1887.

Earle Descendants
of
Isham Harrison.

245. ANNE ELIZA HARRISON was born in Anderson District, S. C., educated
at Shelbyville, Kentucky, and married in Jefferson County, Alabama on the
16th, August, 1829 to Dr. Baylis Wood Earle, and died at Waco, Texas, where
she removed with her husband in 1837.

Dr. Baylis Wood Earle, born 16 August, 1801 at "Silver Clade" the
home of his father, Judge John Baylis Earle in Pendleton District, S. C. (see
Earle Excursus), and died at Waco Texas 1 April, 1859.

Dr. Earle began the practice of his profession as a partner of
his brother Dr. Samuel Sidney Earle in Jefferson County, Ala. The latter's
wife was Harriet Wright a first cousin of Anne Eliza Harrison Earle. Later
he removed with his father-in-law to Monroe County, Miss. where he enjoyed a
large practice and accumulated a considerable estate. In 1837 Dr. Earle
removed to Waco Texas, where he built what is yet one of the handsomest
old Southern homes in Texas. Some years after his death Mrs. Earle sold
this place to her brother, Gen. Thomas Harrison and spent the remainder of
her life with her daughter Mrs. Pearre.

Dr. and Mrs. Earle had issue:

2. Laura Earle, born 1 October 1831, died 29 August 1840.
258--iii. John Baylis Earle, born 17 October 1833, died 26 January 1869.
263--ix. Sarah Taylor Earle, born 11 April, 1848, died 11 March 1895.
258. JOHN BAYLIS EARLE was graduated with honors from the University of Mississippi in 1853. In 1855 he went to Waco, Texas where he took an active part in the development of that city. He was a charter member of Waco Cotton Factory (the first in Texas), of the Waco Tap R.R., and of the Waco Suspension Bridge Company. At the beginning of the war he enlisted in the Confederate Army, but in 1863 Gen. Kirby Smith sent him back to Texas to put in operation the cotton factory for the benefit of the Confederate Government.

December 15, 1858 Captain Earle was married to Emma Cynthia Nelson, daughter of Brig. General Alison Nelson, C.S.A. and his wife Mary Greene of Georgia. They had issue:
264--ii. Eliza Anne Earle, born 5 April, 1863.
265--iii. John Baylis Earle, Jr., born 20 June 1866.
266--iv. Henry Sears Earle, born 22 February 1869.

263. ALISON NELSON EARLE was educated at Waco University and on 27th April 1892 married to Anna daughter of William Hicks of Hicksville, Texas. They have issue:
   i. William Hicks Earle, born 4 January 1893.
   ii. Alison Nelson Earle, Jr., born in October 1894.
   iii. Emma Earle, born in January 1896.

264. ELIZA ANNE EARLE is a graduate of Baylor University, and was married April 23, 1890 to Patrick M. Farrell who holds a responsible position with the Texas Central R.R. They have issue:
   ii. Mary Farrell, born 22 May, 1894.

265. JOHN BAYLIS EARLE, Jr. was educated at Waco University and a graduate of the Law Department of the University of Texas in 1880, and is a successful attorney in his native city. He is a Kappa Sigma man.

266. HENRY SEARS EARLE was educated at Baylor University, and is in business with his brother Alison Nelson Earle at Waco. February 23, 1891 he was married to Margaret Rogers daughter of Charles and Margaret Smith Rogers of Whitney Texas. She died April 7th, 1893 leaving an infant son:
   i. Charles Rogers Earle, born 31 March, 1893.

259. ISHAM HARRISON EARLE, born in Lowndes County, Miss. was educated at the University of Mississippi, and in 1855 removed to Waco, Texas, where he bought a ranch and engaged in the breeding of fine horses. In 1861 he went to Alabama where he enlisted as a staff officer in the Confederate army. He was on the staff of General Benjamin McCulloch and others, and held the rank of major at the close of the war.

September 27, 1865 Major Earle married, at Benham, Texas, Ada daughter of Rev. Ralph and Adeline Gay Graves, formerly of Tenn. They have issue:
   i. Mary Roberts Earle, born 3 August 1866.
   ii. Eliza Earle, M.D., born 3 August 1866.
   iii. Adeline Wells Earle, born 7 May 1868.
   iv. Baylis Wood Earle, born 20 October 1869, died 10 December 1879.
   v. Samuel Roberts Earle, born 11 December 1870, died 11 May 1872.
   vi. Samuel Sidney Earle, born 23 May 1872.
   vii. Laura Earle, born 5 September 1877, died 27 September 1877.
260. HARRIET KELLEY EARLE was born in Monroe County, Miss., educated at Judson Institute, Alabama, and married in Waco, Texas on 16th. November 1860 to Major Charles Behr Pearre, C.S.A., a native of Maryland of Huguenot ancestry.

After the war Major Pearre settled in Texas where he was one of the most prominent criminal lawyers in the state, and was appointed by President Cleveland as U.S. District Attorney for the Northern District of Texas. Major Pearre died in 1905. They had issue:

267--i. Louise Wells Pearre, born 27 September 1867.
268--ii. Sarah Earle Pearre, born 18 September 1869.

267. LOUISE WELLS PEARRE was educated at Baylor University, Texas and Hollins Institute, Virginia. April 24, 1890 she was married to Wm. E. Hawkins, Fort Worth representative of the Waters, Pierce Oil Co. They have issue:

ii. Charles Pearre Hawkins, born 13 August 1894.

268. SARAH EARLE PEARRE was educated at Baylor University and Hollins Institute. November 26, 1896 she was married to Benjamin E. Cabell, son of Brig. Gen. Wm. Lewis Cabell, C.S.A. and his wife Harriet Rector—see The Cabells & Their Kin. Benjamin E. Cabell was at one time Sheriff of Dallas County, Texas, &c. They have issue:

i. William Pearre Cabell, born in 1872, died in infancy.
ii. Katharine Cabell, born in 1874 died in infancy.
iii. Charles Behr Cabell, born 27 April 1876.
iv. Eliza Lucile Cabell, born 26 October 1880.
v. Earle Cabell, born 1 February, 1886.

261. LOUISA WELLS EARLE was born in Monroe County, Mississippi, educated at Judson Institute, Alabama, and married at Waco Texas to Davis Robert Gurley, Adj. General, C.S.A., of "Liberty Hall" near Waco. He was born in Franklin County, Alabama 17 October, 1836 and removed with his father to Texas in 1855, where he saw service as a Texas Ranger. At the beginning of the war he enlisted as First Lieutenant and later was promoted to the rank of Captain on the staff of Gen. L.S. Ross. In the last year of the war he was again promoted to the rank of Assistant Adjutant General under the command of Gen. Stephen D. Lee. After the war he was during the administration of Governor Throckmorton he was made Adj. General of the State of Texas. They had issue:

i. Baylis Earle Gurley, born 18 February 1866, died 17 October 1886.
270--iii. Mary Azalee Gurley, born 3 August 1869.
iv. Davis Robert Gurley, Jr., born 17 October, 1871 was graduated in 1892 from the Technical Dept. of the University of Texas.

vi. Loulie Earle Gurley, born 1 June 1886.

269. HARRIET LOUISA GURLEY married in December 1888 Ridley Lucien Stribling a Waco banker, member of a fine old Virginia family, and has issue:

i. Davis Gurley Stribling, born 2 June 1890.
ii. Ridley Lucien Stribling, Jr., born 4 January 1893.
MARY AZALETH GURLEY was graduated in 1886 at Waco Female College, and married October 23, 1889 to Dr. Champe Carter McCulloch, a Lieutenant Colonel in the United States Army, a descendant of famous old "King" Carter of Virginia, and a graduate of Baylor University, Texas and Columbia College in New York. Dr. McCulloch is now in the office of the Surgeon General at Washington. They have issue:

i. Mary Gurley McCulloch, born 15 September 1890.
ii. Champe Carter McCulloch, Jr., born 29 October 1892.
iii. Louisa Hardee McCulloch, born 21 November 1895, died 19 May, 1896.

THE JACK DESCENDANTS

of

Isham Harrison.

LAURA HARRISON, born in Anderson District, South Carolina, educated in Shelbyville, Kentucky, was married in Jefferson County, Alabama, 15 May 1828 to Col. Wm. Houston Jack, and died in Galveston, Texas 25 February, 1877. She was considered one of the most beautiful and intellectual women of her time. "When she appeared in public, it is said by survivors of colonial Texas days that it was no uncommon remark to hear 'There goes the handsomest woman in Austin's Colony.'"

Col. William Houston Jack, born in Wilkes County, Georgia, 12 April, 1805, died in Galveston, Texas in August 1844, was a son of Col. Patrick Jack of Georgia who commanded the 8th. Regt. U.S. Regulars in the War of 1812, and a grandson of Capt. James Jack, who commanded a North Carolina troop in the War of the Revolution, and who bore the famous Mecklenberg Resolutions from Charlotte, N.C. to Philadelphia.

William H. Jack was graduated with distinction from the University of Georgia, studied law and settled in Jefferson County, Alabama for the practice of his profession. Before he was twenty two years of age he was a member of the Alabama Legislature, in which he continued for eight years. In 1830 he went with the Austin Colony to San Felipe de Austin, Texas, and in 1834 removed to Brazoria County. He served with the rank of colonel in the battle of San Jacinto, which secured the independence of the Republic of Texas. In 1836 Col. Jack was Secretary of State of the Texan Republic under President Burnet, and from that time until his death in 1844 he was a member of one or the other of the houses of the Texan Congress. "He was perhaps the most successful and widely known lawyer of his day in Texas."--Churchill.

Wm. H. and Laura Harrison Jack had issue:

271--i. Harriet Patrick Jack, born 18 June 1829, died 3 September 1867.
iii. Isham Harrison Jack died in infancy.

HARRIET PATRICK JACK was married on April 30th, 1850 in Brazoria County, Texas to Judge William Pitt Ballinger, born 25 September, 1825 at Barbourville, Knox County, Kentucky. He was a son of James Franklin Ballinger, for many years clerk of Knox county, soldier in the War 1812, member of the Kentucky Legislature 1819, Whig Elector in 1840.
and a grandson of Col. Richard Ballinger, who emigrated from Virginia to Kentucky, served as Aide on the Staff of Gen. St Clair in War 1812, member of the Kentucky Senate, &c. Judge Ballinger's mother was Olivia Adams, daughter of Judge Randolph Adams of Virginia and Kentucky. He was educated at St. Mary's College near Lebanon, Ky., and in 1843 settled in Texas where he studied law and began the practice at Galveston in 1846. During the Mexican War he was Adjutant of Col. Albert Sydney Johnston's Texas Regiment, and took part in the battle of Monterey. In 1849 he was appointed U.S. Attorney for the District of Texas; in 1875 was a member of the Texas Constitutional Convention, and in 1876 elevated to the Supreme Bench of Texas by Governor Coke.

Judge Ballinger opposed secession, but when Texas went out of the union he went with her and was appointed Confederate Receiver. Was one of the committee sent by the people of Galveston to Richmond to procure cannon for the defense of the city; and at the close of the war was sent by Gov. Murrah to New Orleans to negotiate for the surrender of the state.

After his marriage he settled with his bride at his country home, "The Oaks" now in the suburbs of Galveston, besides this place Judge Jack owned a ten thousand acre cattle ranch and a large cotton plantation.

Judge and Mrs. Ballinger had issue:

i. Laura Jack Ballinger, born 24 January 1851, died 30 Dec. 1852.

274--ii. Lucy Ballinger, born 24 July, 1852.

iii. Betty E. Ballinger, born Feb. 3, 1854. Miss Ballinger was one of the founders of the Daughters of the Republic, and a prominent member of the D.A.R., and Daughters of the Confederacy. I am indebted to her for much of the data given of this branch of the family.

iv. Laura H. Ballinger, born 23 March, 1856, died 31 August, 1856.


vi. William Pitt Ballinger, born 4 July, 1859, died 22 October, 1862.

vii. Anne Jack Ballinger, born 6 November, 1861, died 10 June, 1863.


276--x. Laura Bryan Ballinger, born 6 June, 1868.

274. LUCY BALLINGER was married February 13, 1878 to Col. Andrew Graham Mills (died 2 February 1894), Secretary of the Galveston Cotton Exchange, and had issue:

i. Ballinger Mills, born 2 January 1879, graduate of Yale, and a lawyer. He married in 1908 Eva S. Waters.

275. THOMAS JACK BALLINGER is a graduate of the Law Department of the University of Michigan and practiced his profession at Galveston, and was at one time Professor of Medical Jurisprudence at the University of Texas. March 21, 1888 he was married to Connie Mather and had issue:

i. Lucy Mills Ballinger.

ii. Emily Mather Ballinger.

iii. William Pitt Ballinger.

276. LAURA BRYAN BALLINGER was married April 30, 1889 to Dr. Edward Randall, Professor of Materia Medica at the University of Texas. He was educated at Washington & Lee, University of Virginia, University of Pennsylvania and at Vienna. They have issue:
i. Harriet Ballinger Randall, born 1800, died 1899.
ii. Edward Randall, Jr., born 5 October, 1891.

272. THOMAS MCKINNEY JACK born in San Felipe de Austin, attended school at Georgetown College, Ky., and was graduated from Yale in 1853 with high honors, being class orator. In 1854 he was admitted to the Texas bar, and practiced his profession as a partner of his brother-in-law Judge Ballinger at Galveston. In 1856 he was county judge, 1858 member of the Texas legislature, and in 1860 presidential elector on the Breckinridge & Lane ticket.

In 1861 Judge Jack entered the Confederate army as a private in the 8th Texas Cavalry; in December of that year he was commissioned First Lieutenant at Bowling Green and was on the staff of Gen. Albert Sydney Johnston who fell in his arms when slain on the field at Shiloh. Later he was promoted to the rank of Major and made Adjutant on the staff of Gen. Leonidas Polk. He participated in the battles of Shiloh, Perryville, Murfreesboro, Chicamauga, Atlanta and other smaller engagements. He was promoted to the rank of colonel, and in 1864 was ordered to Texas by the Secretary of War and made Adjutant General of that district. In 1865 he accompanied his uncle Gen. James E. Harrison to Houston where a formal surrender of the state was made to the Federal authorities.

July 8, 1857 Col. Jack was married to Annie Mills Knox of Lincoln County, Missouri, and had issue:

277. i. Laura Harrison Jack, born 9 January 1856.
ii. David Mills Jack, born Nov. 28, 1859. He was a lawyer and died unmarried in 1890.

278. iii. Harriet Ballinger Jack, born 3 December 1865.

277. LAURA HARRISON JACK married on July 16, 1879 Robert Vance Davidson of Dallas, a lawyer and twice Attorney General of Texas. They had issue:
i. Anne Knox Davidson, born in 1880.
ii. Thomas Jack Davidson, born in 1882.
iii. Wilbur Sevier Davidson, born in 1886.
iv. Robert Vance Davidson, Jr., born in 1889.

278. HARRIET BALLINGER JACK was married June 10, 1887 to William Loftland and removed to California. They have issue:
i. Anne Jack Loftland, born 30 March 1888 died in September 1889.
ii. William Loftland, Jr., born 20 September 1889.
iii. Jack Loftland, born in 1891.
iv. Knox Loftland,
v. Emil Loftland.

273. LAURA HARRISON JACK youngest daughter of Wm. Houston and Laura Harrison Jack was graduated from Judson Institute, Alabama in 1855, and October 20, 1858 married Guy Morrison Bryan, born 13 January, 1831 in Jefferson County, Missouri, son of James Bryan a wealthy merchant in early days in Missouri and one of the founders of Little Rock, Arkansas. His mother was Emily Margaret Austin, sister of Stephen F. Austin, "The Father of Texas."

In 1836 Guy M. Bryan at the age of fifteen enlisted in the Texan Army under Generals Houston and Rusk. In 1837 he entered Kenyon College
Ohio from which he was graduated in 1842 with President Rutherford B. Hayes as a classmate. Upon his return to Texas he studied law under Col. William Jack. Served as a private in the Mexican War being sent in 1846 in a company from Brazoria County to assist General Zachary Taylor after the battle of Palo Alto. In 1847 he was elected to the state legislature from Brazoria county; and in 1848 to the state senate where he served four years, at the expiration of which he was elected to Congress from the Second District of Texas.

During the war he served in the Trans-Mississippi Department of the Confederate Army as Adjutant with the rank of major and colonel on the staffs of Generals Holmes and Kirby Smith.

In 1872 Colonel Bryan was again elected to the Texas Legislature and chosen Speaker of the House. He is a large planter and stock-raiser in Brazoria, Wharton and Galveston Counties; a Royal Arch Mason, &c.

Colonel and Mrs. Bryan have issue:

   2.ii. Emily Austin Bryan, born November 1862, died 1863.

280.-iii. Laura Harrison Bryan, born 3 February 1864.
   iv. Harriet Ballinger Bryan, born 16 December, 1871. He is a banker at Bay City Texas, but lives in Houston. In 1908 married Florence Carter and has one daughter Carolyn Laura Bryan.

v. Guy Morrison Bryan, Jr., born 16 December, 1871. He is a banker at Bay City Texas, but lives in Houston. In 1908 married Florence Carter and has one daughter Carolyn Laura Bryan.

279. WILLIAM JACK BRYAN was educated at the Texas Military Institute. He is a farmer in Brazoria County, and was married in December 1866 to Fannie Delmon and has issue:

i. Frederick Alderman Bryan, born 22 September 1867.

280. LAURA HARRISON BRYAN was educated at Hollins Institute, Virginia, and married April 29, 1890 to Edward Wheeler Parker, Statistician of the U.S. Geological Survey, and Chief of the Division of Mineral Resources, Washington. They have no issue.

I am indebted to Mrs. Parker, not only for the most of the data I have received of the Isham Harrison branch of the Hampton family, but for a great deal of interesting data of other members of the family as well, and advice and directions for obtaining other data of the Harrison descendants of Elizabeth Hampton.

GEN. JAMES EDWARD HARRISON, C.S.A.

248. JAMES EDWARD HARRISON, eldest son of Isham and Harriet Kelley Harrison was born in Greenville District, South Carolina 24 April, 1815 and died near Waco 23 February 1879. While living with his father in Monroe County, Mississippi he was elected State Senator in 1842 and served four years. In 1857 he removed to Texas and purchased six thousand acres of land in McLemar and Falls Counties, upon two thousand acres of which located near Waco he built a handsome residence costing him over sixteen thousand dollars.

During his boyhood days in Mississippi General Harrison learned to
speak the dialects of the Creek, Choctaw and Chickasaw Indians, which he put to use in later life as a Commissioner to the Indians.

In 1860 he was a member of the Texas Secession Convention. Early in 1862 he aided in raising the 15th Texas Infantry, C.S.A., of which he was elected Lt. Colonel, soon promoted to Colonel and later commissioned Brigadier General of the First Brigade, Magruder's Trans-Mississippi Command. General Harrison was in all the campaigns of 1863 in Arkansas and Louisiana, and in 1864-'65 in Louisiana, notably that against Gen. Banks. At the close of the war General Harrison was appointed to surrender the state of Texas troops, which he did to General Granger at Houston. —Official Records of the war published by the U.S. Government.

General Harrison was married twice. First on January 29th, 1842 to Mary Evans, who died in 1862, and he then married Mrs. Henrietta M. Carter, née Hardin, widow of James Carter of Georgia, who survived him with out issue. Issue of first marriage:

281--i. John Hampton Harrison.
282--ii. Laura Harrison, died 18 April 1870.
   iii. Thomas Harrison, died in infancy.
283--iv. James E. Harrison, died in 1869.
   v. Isham Harrison, died in infancy.
284--vi. Emma Harrison, died in 1873.
285--vii. Mary Harrison,
   ix. Levinia Harrison, died in childhood.
287--x. Eliza Earle Harrison.

281. JOHN HAMPTON HARRISON, eldest son of General James E. Harrison, left college to enter the Confederate Army as a private in Company E., 4th Texas Infantry, Army of Northern Virginia. After a number of engagements he was wounded and transferred to the Trans-Mississippi Department. Here he served a year on the staff of Gen. J.W. Speight, then recruited a troop of cavalry of which he was captain and served against Banks in Louisiana.

After the war Captain Harrison was a planter until 1891 when having studied law he was admitted to the bar and practiced in Waco. In 1888 he was elected a member of the Texas Senate, and was Postmaster of the city of Waco under President Cleveland.

June 8, 1865 Captain Harrison was married to Mary Alison Nelson, daughter of Gen. Alison Nelson, a prominent lawyer, who was born in Georgia, served as a Captain in the Mexican War, member of the Georgia Legislature in 1844, Mayor of Atlanta, &c. Settled in Texas in 1856 and was a member of the Texas Secession Convention. Captain and Mrs. Harrison had issue:

i. Allison Nelson Harrison.
ii. John Hampton Harrison, Jr.
iii. James Elyard Harrison, died in infancy.

v. Mary Harrison married Daniel S. Eddins, cashier of the Falls County Bank of Marlin, Texas. They have issue:
   i. Daniel S. Eddins, Jr.
   ii. Alice Nelson Eddins.
   iii. John Harrison Eddins.
   iv. George Morse Eddins.
282. LAURA HARRISON, educated at Judson Institute, Alabama, married in McLennan County, Texas, December 26, 1866, Col. Peter Fulkerson Ross, C.S.A. In 1858-'60 he was captain of the Texas Rangers against the Indians; then entered the Confederate service as Captain of troop G, 6th. Texas Cavalry and subsequently promoted until he reached the rank of Colonel. After the war he settled on a fine farm of six hundred acres near Waco, and served two terms of McLennan County. Col. Ross was a brother of Gen. Ross, and Governor L.S. Ross, and son of Capt. Shapley Ross who removed from Missouri to Texas in the early days. Colonel and Mrs. Ross had issue:

i. Mary Jemima Ross, born December 26, 1867, married Col. Joseph Rice of Governor Ross' Staff, and had issue:
   i. Katharine Rice.
   ii. Laura Rice.
   iii. Lottie Rice.

ii. Shapley P. Ross, born in April 1870, was graduated from the University of Texas in 1890, and as a successful attorney at Waco.

283. JAMES E. HARRISON, Jr., farmer in Bosque County, Texas, died in 1869. He married his stepsister, Lula Carter, daughter of James and Henrietta Carter and had issue:

i. Henry Harrison, farmer, married Mary Sears.
ii. James Harrison, died in infancy.

284. EMMA HARRISON, married her stepbrother, James M. Carter and had issue:

i. Eugene Carter.

285. MARY HARRISON was married three times, (1) to Abner Bedwell, (2) to Mr. Darwin, (3) to W.H. Abbott, a farmer, McLennan County, Texas. She had issue:

i. Richard Bedwell.
ii. Stella Darwin.

286. RICHARD HENRY HARRISON served one year in the Texas Rangers in 1877; and in 1881 was graduated in law from the Cumberland University, Tennessee, and admitted to the bar at Waco. Before he was twenty-five years old he was elected to the Texas Senate, and served in the 10th. and 20th. sessions of the Legislature. He introduced the first bill providing for the establishment of a home for the disabled and indigent Confederate soldiers.

From 1887 to 1892 Mr. Harrison was Assistant Attorney General of Texas, and successfully argued the Dick Dun case, wherein the whole penal code of the state was assailed before the Supreme Court of the United States.

November 14, 1882 Mr. Harrison was married to Mary Robertson, daughter of Gen. Stirling C. Robertson of Bell County, Texas, one of the largest land owners in the state. He was the grandson of Gen. James Robertson of Brunswick County, Virginia who founded the city of Nashville, Tenn. in 1780; and son of Col. S.C. Robertson, major of Tennessee troops in the War of 1812, and in 1823 leader of a hundred families who came from Tennessee as a colony to Texas, delegate to the General Convention of 1836, and a Signer of the Texas Declaration of Independe-
ence and the Constitution of Texas.
Richard H. and Mary R. Harrison had issue:
i. James Maclean Harrison, born 7 December 1885.
ii. Richard Henry Harrison, Jr., born 4 March 1891.

287. ELIZABARLE HARRISON married Dewitt Clinton Bolinger, a prominent attorney before the Texas bar, and has issue:
i. Louisa Bolinger.
ii. Dewitt Clinton Bolinger, Jr.,
iii. Harriet Bolinger.
iv. Harrison Bolinger.
v. Frederick Bolinger.

248. LOUISA JANE HARRISON daughter of Isham and Harriet Kelley Harrison was married in Monroe County, Mississippi, April 12, 1836 to Dr. Wells A. Thompson of Georgia, and removed to Waco Texas, where he practiced his profession. They had no issue.

GEN. RICHARD HARRISON

249. JOHN HAMPTON HARRISON son of Isham and Harriet Kelley Harrison was born in Jefferson County, Alabama January 10, 1819, was graduated from the University of Pennsylvania Medical College, and was just entering upon what promised to be a successful practice of his profession in Mississippi when he died August 27, 1840. Unmarried.

GEN. RICHARD HARRISON, C.S.A.

250. RICHARD HARRISON, twin brother of Isham Harrison, Jr., was born in Jefferson County, Alabama 3 March 1821 and died in Waco, Texas. He received a liberal education as well as a thorough course in medicine. Before removing to Texas Dr. Harrison practiced his profession in Aberdeen, Mississippi. He was an eloquent speaker, and was twice elected a member of the Mississippi Senate.

At the beginning of the war Dr. Harrison entered the Confederate army as a First Lieutenant in the 11th Mississippi Infantry. He was promoted rapidly to the rank of Major and transferred to the 43rd. Miss. Infantry with rank of Colonel; and served as colonel of this regiment until January 1865 when he was commissioned a Brigadier General for "gallant conduct and efficient service in the field", and placed in command of a brigade composed of the 6th, 14th, 15th, 20th, 23rd. and 43rd. Mississippi regiments.

In 1866 General Harrison removed his family to Texas where he bought a plantation eight miles from Waco, and combined farming with the practice of medicine.

General Harrison was married three times, (1) on September 3, 1844 to Mary daughter of Daniel Ragdale of Monroe County, Miss; (2) in
November 1857 to Mary daughter of John and Clara Whitfield Tompkins of Macon, Georgia; (3) in 1874 to Emma daughter of Rev. William and Miriam Buck, a Virginia Baptist divine.

Issue of first marriage:

i. Eliza Harle Harrison, died in infancy.

ii. Anna William Harrison, married Dr. Fielding Buck of Waco, and had issue:

i. Mary Buck, died in infancy.

ii. Margaret Buck " " "

iii. Miriam Buck " " "

iii. Isham Harrison, M.D of Stephensville, Texas, married Mary L. Titus and had issue:

i. Virginia Emma Harrison, died infant.

ii. Thomas Louis Harrison, born July, 1835.

Issue second marriage:

iv. Richard Harrison, Jr., born in 1859, died in 1870.

v. John Tompkins Harrison, born in January 1862, died in 1908. He was a graduate of Baylor University, 1880, Law Dept, Washington University, 1883; and Vanderbilt University Law Department, 1884. Married Nov. 20, 1890 Lula daughter of Capt. E. Dickey of Waco, and had issue:

i. Richard Harrison, died infant.

ii. Lula Dickey Harrison.

Issue third marriage:

vi. William Harrison, died in childhood.

vii. Richard Harrison, Jr., born about 1876.

COL. ISHAM HARRISON, JR.

251. ISHAM HARRISON, JR., twin brother of General Richard Harrison, settled in Columbus, Mississippi, after he left college for the practice of his profession. He was a very successful lawyer and able judge on the circuit bench.

At the beginning of the war Judge Harrison entered the Confederate army as Colonel of the 6th, Mississippi Cavalry and was killed at the head of his regiment in a gallant charge on the Federal works at Harrisburg, Mississippi in 1863. In this charge his regiment lost twenty-two officers killed and a hundred and four wounded, and eight hundred and twenty-five men killed and wounded---Official Records of the War, Series I., Vol. xxxix, pages 324-332.

June 24th, 1844 Judge Harrison was married to Julia Whitfield, daughter of Governor James Whitfield of Miss. Davis in his "Recollec-
tions of Mississippi and Mississippians" says, "The Whitfields were originally from North Carolina. As a family they have been conspicuous for wealth and great talent in business of all kinds. From the earliest settlement of this country they have held high rank as elegant and hospitable people."

Col. Isham and Julia Whitfield Harrison had issue:

288--i. Caroline Harrison.

289--ii. Harriet Harrison.

290--iii. Louisana Victoria Harrison.

288. CAROLINE HARRISON married Col. Turner Sykes, C.S.A., Chief of
Staff of Gen. Stephen D. Lee. She has a fine portrait of Col. Harrison.

Issue:  
1. Julia Sykes, married William Hamilton of Waverly, Miss., and has issue:
   1. Caroline Hamilton.
   2. Anna Hamilton.

2. Harrison Sykes, married Lida Williams of Grenville, Miss., and has issue:
   1. Miriam Sykes.

iii. Augusta Sykes.
iv. Edward Sykes.

289. Harriet Harrison married Charles D. Christian a Meridian, Mississippi planter and has issue:

ii. John Christian.
iii. Charles Christian.
iv. Thomas Christian.

290. Louisa V. Harrison married Robert Fort, an attorney living at Holly Springs, Miss., and has issue:
   1. Robert Fort, Jr.
   2. Julian Fort.

Maj. Gen. Nathan B. Forrest in his official report of the Battle of Harrisburg, said:

"The Battle of Harrisburg will furnish the historian a bloody record, but it will stamp with immortality the gallant dead and living heroes it has made. Prominent among the former, the names of Colonel Isham Harrison and Lieutenant Colonel Thomas M. Nelson of the 6th Mississippi."

Brig. Gen. A. Buford Commanding Division says: "The long list of dead and wounded echo the history of their actions. To Colonel Harrison, Lieutenant Colonels Cage, and Nelson, and Major McCoy of Mahy's Brigade of Mississippian, who fell in the foremost rank every word of praise for bravery, coolness, and gallant bearing on the march and especially in action is due. They fill a soldier's grave deeply lamented but are a monument to themselves, the reflection of whose lives will add to the determination of their surviving comrades to fight on, until the blessings of peace and Independence crown our efforts."

Gen. Thomas Harrison.

252. Thomas Harrison, fifth son of Isham and Harriet Kelley Harrison, was born in Jefferson County, Alabama, May 1, 1823, died in Waco, Texas in August 1891.

In 1843 he went to Texas where he read law in the office of his brother-in-law, Hon. William Houston Jack, then a Senator in the Congress of the Republic of Texas. He was admitted to the bar at Columbus, Miss., and practiced at Aberdeen, Miss., until 1846 when he enlisted in McCleary's First Mississippi Rifles commanded by Col. Jefferson Davis in the War with Mexico. He was in the battle of Monterey and other engagements. In 1847 he settled in Houston Texas and resumed the practice of law, and in 1850 represented that district in the Texas Legislature.
In 1855 he removed to Waco where he spent the remainder of his life. At the beginning of the war he enlisted as captain of a volunteer company and was sent to the frontier to fight the Indians, and on this service with Lt. Cranberry compelled the surrender of the U.S. Troops at Camp Cooper. In the fall of 1861 Captain Harrison was elected to the command of a company of Texas cavalry that became a part of Terry's Texas Rangers. At the organization of the regiment at Bowling Green he was elected Major, promoted to Lt. Colonel, and then the last year of the war to Brigadier General of Cavalry. All promotions being for "gallant conduct on the field". General Harrison was wounded three times and had five horses shot from under him.

"General Thomas Harrison especially distinguished himself at the Battle of Shiloh, where with his command he made that celebrated charge against the enemy's cavalry, passing their skirmish line, and striking their division of infantry full in the face. This brilliant charge brought fame to the Texas Rangers. General Harrison added new laurels to his military fame at Murfreesboro, where he was first in command of a brigade—the famous Harrison Brigade. He advanced into the enemy's lines a mile beyond any other command. His next service was with Longstreet in his Tennessee campaign, in which he won from Gen. Armstrong the praise of the best colonel of cavalry in the army." See Official Records of the War, Series I., Vols. x, xxx, and xlvi.

After the war General Harrison returned to Waco and resumed his law practice, and in 1866 was elected judge of his judicial district. In 1872 he was a Presidential Elector on the Democratic ticket.

May 26, 1858: General Harrison was married in Waco to Sarah Ellis McDonald, daughter of Dr. James McDonald, niece of Governor James Anderson of North Carolina, and great niece of Governor John Ellis of N.C. After the war General Harrison purchased from his sister, Mrs. Earle, the handsome home erected in Waco by her husband Dr. Earle and lived their the rest of his life. He had issue:

i. Harriet Earle Harrison, born in 1866, graduated at the University of Waco, and Mrs. Pegram's School, in Baltimore. She is a musician of unusual ability. In 1890 married Rev. B.H. Carroll, D.D., president of the College Texas, and has one son Harrison Carroll.

ii. Thomas Harrison, Jr., ranchman and cattle breeder in Pecos Co. He is married and has issue:
   i. Thomas Harrison, III.
   ii. Harriet Harrison.

iii. James Anderson McD. Harrison, born in 1867, educated at Baylor University and received the degree of LL.B. from the University of Texas. He was city attorney of Waco one term. Married Virginia Westbrook, daughter of Capt. Charles Westbrook, one of largest landowners in McLennan County, and has issue:
   i. Thomas Harrison, died in infancy.
   ii. Virginia Harrison.

v. William Kelley Harrison, born 30 July, 1870, was graduated from the U.S. Naval Academy at Annapolis, and is now a Commander in the U.S. Navy. In 1915 he was awarded a medal of honor "For distinguished conduct in battle, engagement of Vera Cruz, April 21 & 22, 1914. . . . . Commander Harrison brought his ship in the inner harbor during the night of the 21st & 22nd, without the assistance of a pilot, or navigational lights and was in position on the morning of the 22d to use his guns at a critical time with telling effect."--General Order #177, Navy Dept., December 4, 1915.

Captain Harrison married Kate Harris of Galveston and has issue:

i. William Kelley Harrison, Jr., born in Sept. 1895
ii. Wentworth Terry Harrison, born in Feb. 1897.

253. WILLIAM KELLEY HARRISON, sixth son of Isham Harrison, Sr., was born in Jefferson County, Alabama, March 25, 1835 and died in Mississippi April 8, 1852 without issue. He was a very successful lawyer, member of the Mississippi Senate, and though but twenty seven years old at the time of his death, yet his eloquence and mental powers were so finished that he was chosen by the Democracy of his state to speak against the great Whig orator, S.S. Prentiss.

EVANS DESCENDANTS
of
Isham Harrison.

254. HARRIET HARRISON, born May 21, 1827 in Jefferson County, Alabama, married in Monroe County, Mississippi on March 10, 1846, William D. Evans who was born in Wilkes County, Georgia Nov. 8, 1819. He was educated at the University of Georgia and in 1840 purchased and settled on a large plantation in Monroe County, Miss.

At the beginning of the war he entered the Confederate army as First Lieutenant of Capt. Sails Company, 27th Miss. Infantry. He died June 29, 1876, and his wife about the same time. They had issue:


iii. James B. Evans, born 23 October, 1857. Educated at the Miss. A&M College. Married Jan. 31, 1894 Emma daughter of Capt. James Young, Waverly, Miss. and has issue:

i. William B. Evans, born 16 December, 1894.

iv. Isham Harrison Evans, born 31 July 1869, graduate of A&M College. Cashier and Director of First National Bank, West Point, Miss. Feb. 25, 1897 married Margaret L. Mum.

DR. MOSES KELLEY HARRISON.

255. MOSES KELLEY HARRISON, youngest son of Isham Harrison, born in Jefferson County, Alabama 27 May 1839, received his classical education at Georgetown College, Kentucky, and was graduated in medicine from the University of Louisville in 1855, and settled at Deerbrook for the practice of his profession.

In the early part of the war he served in Maj. Saunders' Company of
... Commander Harrison brought his ship in the inner harbor during the night of the 21st & 22nd, without the assistance of a pilot, or navigational lights and was in position on the morning of the 22d to use his guns at a critical time with telling effect." -- General Order #177, Navy Dept., December 4, 1915.

Captain Harrison married Kate Harris of Galveston and has issue:

i. William Kelley Harrison, Jr., born in Sept. 1895
ii. Wentworth Terry Harrison, born in Feb. 1897.

253. WILLIAM KELLEY HARRISON, sixth son of Isham Harrison, Sr., was born in Jefferson County, Alabama, March 25, 1825 and died in Mississippi April 8, 1852 without issue. He was a very successful lawyer, member of the Mississippi Senate, and though but twenty seven years old at the time of his death, yet his eloquence and mental powers were so finished that he was chosen by the Democracy of his state to speak against the great Whig orator, S.S. Prentiss.

EVANS DESCENDANTS
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At the beginning of the war he entered the Confederate army as First Lieutenant of Capt. Sails Company, 27th. Miss. Infantry. He died June 29, 1876, and his wife about the same time. They had issue:


ii. William B. Evans, born 23 February, 1866, died 16 January 1897. Educated at the Mississippi Agricultural & Mechanical College.

iii. James B. Evans, born 23 October, 1867. Educated at the Miss. A&M College, Married Jan. 31, 1894 Emma daughter of Capt. James Young, Waverly, Miss. and has issue:

i. William B. Evans, born 18 December, 1894.

iv. Isham Harrison Evans, born 31 July 1869, graduate of A&M College. Cashier and Director of First National Bank, West Point, Miss. Feb. 25, 1897 married Margaret L. Mum.

DR. MOSES KELLEY HARRISON.

255. MOSES KELLEY HARRISON, youngest son of Isham Harrison, born in Jefferson County, Alabama 27 May 1829, received his classical education at Georgetown College, Kentucky, and was graduated in medicine from the University of Louisville in 1855, and settled at Deerbrook for the practice of his profession.

In the early part of the war he served in Maj. Saunders' Company of Scouts, but later joined the 6th. Miss. Cavalry as surgeon, and still later transferred to the Tennessee regiment commanded by his kinsman,
Colonel Kelley. At the close of the war he held the rank of colonel. After the war Dr. Harrison "took an active interest in public affairs and aided efficiently in the redemption of his state in 1874. His influence was ever marked and conservative. His home was a home of hospitality, hearty, simple, thoroughbred. He is said to have greatly resembled in features his father's cousin Gen. Wade Hampton, III.

Dr. Harrison survived all his brothers and sisters and died at Deerbrooke in 1894.

October 7, 1859 he was married to Mary McFarland Bradford, daughter of Gen. Benjamin Bradford, Registrar of the Land Office, Courtland, Alabama, and his wife Martha Maria Saunders (1812-1856), and had issue:

i. Benjamin Bradford Harrison, born 11 September 1860, unmarried in 1910. He was graduated in law from the University of Miss. in 1881, but is in the mercantile business with his brother R.H. Harrison at Bristol, Tenn.

ii. Julia Kelley Harrison, educated at Edgewood School, Charlottesville Virginia and the Cincinnati Conservatory of Music. In 1892 married Wm. Dale Bell of Deerbrooke and had issue:

i. Wm. Dale Bell, Jr., born 22 Jan. 1894.

iii. Isham Harrison, born 30 September 1864 educated at the University of Mississippi, and the University of Louisville Medical Department, 1885. February 13, 1891 Dr. Harrison married Rosa Bradford, and has issue:

i. Isham Harrison, Jr., born 12 Sept. 1894

iv. Vivian Clay Harrison, born 25 September 1866, studied at the Cincinnati Conservatory of Music. In 1880 married C.F. Sherrod of Columbus, Miss. Issue:

i. Mary Susan Sherrod, born 12 March 1889.


256. ELIZABETH HARRISON, daughter of Isham and Harriet Kelley Harrison was married November 13, 1851 to Dr. Thomas Barron, a surgeon in the Confederate army, who lived at Marion Alabama. They are said to have died without issue.

257. MARY VIVIAN HARRISON, youngest of Isham Harrison's thirteen children was "black eyed and noted for beauty in a family of sisters who were famous for attraction. She had fine judgment and like her mother great force of character. She loved her husband and children and the Baptist Church; was neutral in nothing and yet her manner was so sweet that her decision of purpose never gave offence." - Saunders.

In February 1854 she married Dr. Matthew Clay of Issaquena County, Mississippi, second son of Hon. Matthew Clay, Sr. who removed from Virginia in 1816 with Judge A.F. Hopkins and purchased a splendid plantation in Lawrence County, Alabama. He was a great hunter, and the walls of his home were exhibited the antlers of many a fine buck that had fallen from his
bullet. He was a member of the Alabama Legislature 1820-22, and of
the senate 1825-'27.

During one of the sessions of the Legislature at Cahaba, which was
dependant upon Mobile for supplies by steamboat, the season had been
very dry and the river got too low for the boats to run. "Mr. Clay
had brought with him a ham with which he had been filling the cavities
of himself and friends by night suppers of broiled ham, but the hambone
had been polished clean. One night at bedtime when the wood fire burn-
ed low, as he and Dr. Shackelford of Texas, who had just recently met
Mr. Clay and found they were congenial spirits, were sitting alone in
Mr. Clay's room, a rollicking member of the Legislature came in, and
Clay proposed to bet him an oyster supper for twelve with champagne that
he could have a dozen members of the Legislature in his room in fifteen
minutes without saying a word. The bet was instantly taken, then Mr. ♠
Clay laid the hambone on the live coals. The delightful flavor soon
permeated the hotel, and the members filled the room before the expiration
of the time. When the first steamboat arrived the oyster supper came
off and they had a high time of it."---Saunders, Alabama Settlers.

Hon. Matthew Clay, Sr. of Alabama was a son of Hon. Matthew Clay of
Virginia, born March 26, 1754, died in 1815 while making a speech at
Halifax C.H., Va., First Lieutenant of the Ist. Va. Regt. in the Revolu-
tion, member of Congress, 1793-1813, &c.

Dr. Matthew Clay, III. and Mary V. Harrison had issue:
i. Matthew Clay, IV. married Harriet Casey and had issue:
i. Matthew Clay, V.
ii. Harriet Clay.

ii. Elizabeth Barron Clay was married about 1807-8 to a New York
gentleman.

iii. Harrison Clay, married Anne Bottier and lives in Oakland, Califor-
ia. Has issue:
i. Vivian Clay

iv. Thomas F. Clay.
v. Charles C. Clay.
vi. Vivian Clay.
THE HARRISONS
of
"Lowther Hall",
Pendleton District, S. C.

198. THOMAS HARRISON, fifth son of James and Elizabeth Hampton Harrison born near Greenville, S.C., December 25, 1790, died in July, 1839 at his home "Lowther Hall" on the Tugaloo River opposite the home of the great John C. Calhoun. "He was a distinguished lawyer, captain of a battery in the War of 1812, and afterward Comptroller General of South Carolina."

Judge O'Neal, of South Carolina in his Memoirs, said of Thomas Harrison—"He died in the meridian of his days: an eminent lawyer, a perfectly pure and amiable man; was a firm conscionable man, a good officer and citizen; a faithful and devoted husband, an affectionate father, and in all the realtions of life above exception."

In 1810 Captain Harrison was married to Hannah Earle (born May 3, 1795) "A lady remarkable for her many graces and accomplishments. She was a daughter of General John Daiblys Earle, who was a leading member of the Nullifying Convention and one of the most highly respected and popular men in his state"—Bench and Bar of Mississippi, page 377.

"Mrs. Harrison's brother was for many years recognized as the most intellectual judge of the Supreme Court of the State of South Carolina"—Judge J.A. Orr in Proceedings of Mississippi Historical Society, Vol. VIII.

See Earle Excursus elsewhere in this book.

Thomas and Hannah Earle Harrison had issue:

291: i. James Thomas Harrison, born 11 November, 1811, died 12 May, 1879
ii. Rose Earle Harrison, born in 1813. Married John Courdes Dawson and had issue two daughters:
   i. Rose Dawson.
   ii. Mary Dawson.

JAMES HARRISON, ESQ.
of Columbus, Miss.

"He was famous in his profession"—All's Well that Ends Well.

291. JAMES HARRISON, whose boyhood home was in the neighborhood of the homes of John C. Calhoun and other distinguished South Carolinians, was so nearsighted that he could not distinguish his most intimate friends across the court room without his glasses. "This infirmity in a way proved a blessing. Depriving him of the usual sports and pastimes of school boys, it threw him more in the company of his gifted father and mother and their friends, as well as drawing him to a closer study of the greatest in the world's literature. It was from these friends and books that he "imbibed those beams of greatness which kindled the fires of his genius, and afterwards blazed along his own pathway. The
inspirations of such a nursery and the impressions which he received from the master mind of his distinguished neighbor, blended with his natural endowments in the formation of a mind which afterwards expanded into an illustrative type of true greatness."

"He was a close and devoted student; manifested at an early age an eager and inquiring mind, and his career was one of those rare instances in which youthful precocity realize the hopes of parental ambition and the promises of early years."

He entered South Carolina college at the age of thirteen and was graduated with distinction at the age of seventeen. During the next four years he had a course of general and legal reading under the celebrated lawyer, James L. Pettigrue of Charleston, and was admitted to the South Carolina bar as soon as he became of age.

In 1834 Mr. Harrison removed from South Carolina to Macon Mississippi where he entered upon the practice of law as a partner of Judge Ruff. Two years later he settled in Columbus, Mississippi as offering a wider field.

Possessed of ample means from his father "he was enabled to direct his application with a view to improvement rather than to the speedy acquisition of gain", however his talents were soon recognized and he found himself in the midst of a remunerative practice.

He loved the law as the greatest edifice ever erected by the mind of mortal man, as the great receptacle into which has flowed the wisdom of the ages, and recognized the truth in the saying of Sir Henry Finch that "the sparks of all the sciences of the world are raked up in the ashes of the law." Mr. Harrison was also a great student of the Divine law and kept a Bible and Concordance always within reach of his office chair.

"He had cultivated a habit of minute observation, of study and continuous attention, and contemplated the law in all its elements and relations. No fact or circumstance on the trial of a cause, escaped the glare of his perception, no testimony the exact measure of his estimation, no evidence the poised scales of his precision, no law the facility of his application, no artifice of an opponent the depths of his penetration, and no subtlety the withstanding process of his analysis"—Bench & Bar of Mississippi.

Early in his professional career Mr. Harrison adopted the rule of never charging a widow a fee, a poor man more than a nominal one, and never to prosecute a man for his life.

Judge J.A. Orr of Mississippi said that it was no easy matter to make a reputation in Mississippi as a great lawyer in the thirty years preceding the war, as oftimes during that period there would be assembled in the Supreme Court room at Jackson an array of lawyers unsurpassed by the bar of any state in the Union. He names a long list of those whom he considered pre-eminent and mentions the points upon which each excelled the others; but said that when called upon to institute comparison between the great lawyers of the state whom he had known, his mind always turned promptly to James T. Harrison and William Yeager—that in all the different elements which went to make up the well rounded lawyer none equalled James T. Harrison and William Yeager.

His biographer in the Bench & Bar said of Mr. Harrison "Among the many great lawyers who have adorned the bar of Mississippi there were few, perhaps, whose characters presented such a full round orb of eminent
qualities, and whose mental traits it would, in a metaphysical view, be more difficult to abstract and define than those which characterized the subject of this memoir."

He was one of the few men in Mississippi who had the degree of Doctor of Laws conferred upon them by the University of Mississippi. Mr. Harrison was very fond of geology and had accumulated an excellent collection of specimens. "He was a student while life lasted. Usually arose at four o'clock in the morning and repaired to his office. In the winter he built his own fires and seating himself at his desk, where his books, papers and stationery were all convenient and kept in perfect order and with great neatness he had pretty well finished the day's work by nine o'clock when the rest of the lawyers usually commenced."

"In the midst of the preparation of a brief or an important case he would tolerate no interruption or intrusion. He did one thing at a time and did it thoroughly. On one occasion Governor McDowell of Kentucky called at his office on some matters of interest to himself and found Mr. Harrison with a score of open books. He invited the Governor to be seated and excused himself. McDowell sat there for an hour and then turned his attention to William L. Harris, Mr. Harrison's partner."

"It was his greatest pleasure to entertain at his hospitable table. He was a man of ready wit and repartee, and on such occasions he devoted himself with enthusiasm to the entertainment of his guests. The dining which he gave Governor Orr of S.C. will never be forgotten by those present, for the wit, song and anecdote, which enlivened the occasion."

"But while the aspirations of his genius and cravings of his ambitions seemed to find no limits within the scope of his profession, he entertained no desire for official preferment. Twice was he offered a seat on the Supreme Bench of his state, and as often declined it. With his knowledge he was chosen a delegate to the Convention of Southern States at Montgomery, Alabama in 1861, and there advocated the adoption of the old flag in a speech said to have been remarkable for force and eloquence. He was a member of the Congress of the Confederate States during the entire time of its existence, and was considered one of its ablest members.

On the reorganization of the State of Mississippi under Johnson's administration Mr. Harrison was elected to the U.S. Congress, but upon his arrival in Washington was refused his seat, the entire Mississippi delegation of Congressmen being refused admittance.

In July 1865, Mr. Harrison received what he considered the highest honor that ever came to him. The Bench and Bar of Mississippi elected him as their ablest member to defend President Davis should he be brought to trial by the U.S. Government. He promptly accepted, but expressed the opinion that the Government would not risk the stakes—which prediction was fully realized.

February 11, 1840 Mr. Harrison was married to Regina Blewett, daughter of Maj. Thomas Blewett (born 1789, died 1871) a planter of large wealth, who in 1832 removed from South Carolina to Mississippi, where he purchased a very large area of fine land. He was one of the most public spirited men in the state and gave lavishly of his wealth for the improvement of the schools, churches and other public places of his home city—Columbus.