The Southside Hampdens
Isle of Wight Co. Va

The name of the emigrant ancestor of the Hampdens is still
found of James Pump, Virginia
good, probably near to reconn
definitely. The three possible
unions: 1st Middle and G. Hamplin
John Hamplin who was
living at "Bucke Rowe", soon Norfolk
County — now Prince Ann County;
May 16, 1623, with wife and two
children; sentenced, July 14,
1635. John
Hampden (probably the one) had a
grant of 150 acres in town Norfolk
County. The records of this county
are intact but give no further
data of John Hampden or anyone
else of this name.

2nd Richard Hampden, whose
Transportation to Virginia was paid
by Capt. Giles Brent. This was
a grant of 400 acres in this "head-right" in 1654 (2)

may have

from the Richard Hampson whose
"Deposition in ye difference between Hugh Campbell & William
Carlton" was recorded under J. Wight Co. Feb. 1692, (3)

William Hampson, planter

"Hampfield," Glenside County. He

through his sons, William &

Thomas Hampson; most probably.

the latter, as William is thought
to have died without issue.

Dec. 11, 1640, William Hampson had

a grant of 400 acres of land in

Glenside County.

Do the records state that the sale of Wight & Hampson

are the descendants of William

Hampson "planter" of Hampfield

Glenside County? The records in

which are as follows:

First, while the records of sale of

Wight, my name is involved, they do

not confirm any deal in his
personally name of Thomas in the 17th century, yea-Thomas
Hampden who died in this
county in 1703. A deed found
in King's Lake Swamp, Del. Right Co.
Not having a deed from
any personal individual for this
land he could have obtained it
only by grant or inheritance.

The Land Office Record at
Richardson fail to show any
patent to Thomas Hampden
for land in Delaware except
that to William Hampden in
1640. The Deed Right record
do not contain a deed from
William Hampden to any person
from descendant of the land
found in this county. The
conclusion is that Thomas
Hampden inherited the land
sold to him sometime in
the latter half of the 17th
century. He must therefore
have been a son or brother of
William or Rev. Thomas Hampden.
His wife was of William Hampden
Sir of Gloucester Co. There is nothing in the record and in existence to indicate that William Hampton James had issue, but there is shown that Rev. Thomas had at least 2 sons, as the old deed of 1743 speaks of Capt. John Hampton and John as the oldest son of Rev. Thomas. Capt. John died intestate and received by deed of gift all his personal land lying north of James River, &c. Capt. John had 3 sons, viz., William, Richard, and George. Capt. John married Miss Mary Hampton, sister of Capt. John, in James City County, and all of their descendants in that section of Virginia lying below the James River, Petersburg River, and the Chesapeake Bay are descendants of Capt. John Hampton, who died in 1718 in the King William County Plantation granted to Capt. Justinus Reaves.
Hampton, 1658.

So by William Hampton Jr. who died in Gloucester Co. after 1698 left male issue, they must have removed from this part of Virginia, to Thomas Hampton. The Dale Wright may possibly be the lost son of William, but the new use of the name William, and the name Thomas, appearing among our grandchildren, may be possibly Thomas H. Wright who died in 1703. In doing Wright would indicate that he was one of the sons of Rev. Thomas Hampton of James City County. As to the other two possible ancestors of Thomas Hampton, John H. Wright, he could not have been one of John of Norfolk Co. who was known prior to 1623, as party. That H. Hampton's children were all male by age in 1703; and surely there would be found some data in the Norfolk Co. Dale Wright
records of an interment. It was a written deposition and not direct testimony. If Richard Hampton had not resided in the Isle of Wight
Courts Rend. 1692-, show that he was a non-resident of this county. If he had de-
scended there is not the slightest basis to believe him to have lived in any other parish,
county, or state, except that now existing in Virginia.

The inference is that neither John nor Richard Hampton
were male issue—and the name Richard was not
appearing among the descendants of Thomas Hampton of Dale County.

It is further true that contrary is discovered. The Smith
and Hampton will be regarded as descendants of Rev. Thomas
Hampton of James City Co.
1. Thomas Hampson, probably the son of Rev. Thomas Hampson, was born in 1703 and probated 9 Dec. 1703, in Isle of Wright. Died 1661-1719. Wife: Elizabeth, executrix. Son: Francis, eldest; half of all my tools except sawmaking tools; sons Thomas, John, and Samuel in Kingsale Swamp. Daughters: Mary, Elizabeth, Sarah. Each child "up to receiving of age" 15 have 1000 lbs. of merchantable tobacco and 200 lbs. of choice in residuary estate. The residuary estate, similarly divided, consists in part of land as Thomas Hampson held in 1703 and 238 acres in Blackwell Swamp to which he had no title. Thomas & Elizabeth Hampson had issue:

2. i. Francis Hampson, born 21 Nov. 1703, d.

3. ii. John Hampson, b. [illegible]

4. iii. Thomas Hampson, b. [illegible]

5. iv. Mary Hampson, b. [illegible]

6. v. Elizabeth Hampson, b. [illegible]

7. vi. Sarah Hampson, b. [illegible]
Francis Hamplin. The use of the names Francis or Benjamin by the Hamplins is another link in the chain of circumstantial evidence connecting them with the Middlesex, England, Hamplins. These being favorite names in the Hamplin family, Norwood, Connecticut, Middlesex, England.

Francis Hamplin, this son John, are mentioned in the will of John in 1735; and Dec. 21, 1747, Francis Hamplin, of Newport Parish, Isle of Wight. He decided to his son Benjamin Hamplin all his "remaining" personal estate on condition that he provide during the remainder of their lives for his mother, Francis Hamplin.

Issue:


3. Martha Hamplin. Wife}

9. Benjamin Hamplin. Wife
Mary Hampton dtd 147 acres, Feb 5. John Murphy
2 June 1767,
7 June 1793 Benjamin Hampton
Mountville, probate 1 Sept 1794

Wm. Enoch Francis & Elziah
& dau. Martha Elizabeth
Buried by wife

13 i
Francis Hampton d. aft. 1825

1/2 +
Elizabeth Hampton

1/4 +
Martha Hampton

1/4 +
Elizabeth Hampton

1/4 +
Francis Hampton (d. prob. 1822

1/4 +
James Hampton (d. probably 1822

Francis Hampton appears as

Diane Hampton & Dec 10, 1819 when
he gave a trust deed to Hezekiah
Gordon to maritme Elziah and

Diane Hampton, Dec 23, 1822
gave trust deed to Josiah Jordan
on behalf of James Hampton
(probably at Fardell, 1822). 4 Aug 1823
James Hampton dtd with 9 a. t Mary Jordan—money
by lands of Elziah, Francis Hampton.

19 i Francis Hampton (d.)
20 i James Hampton